

NEO Finance, AB Verkių st. 25C-1, Vilnius Lithuania

NEO FINANCE, AB

AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF NEO FINANCE, AB

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of NEO Finance, AB (the Company), which comprise the balance sheet as at December 31, 2018, and the income statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, of the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2018, and its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with the Law of the Republic of Lithuania on accounting and financial reporting, and Business Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants together with the requirements of the Law on Audit of the Republic of Financial Statements of the Republic of Lithuania that are relevant to audit in the Republic of Lithuania, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Law on Audit of Financial Statements of the Republic of Lithuania and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Law of the Republic of Lithuania on accounting and financial reporting and Business Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We shall communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Auditor, director Genadij Makušev Auditor's certification No. 000162

28 March, 2018 A. Goštautas str. 40B, Vilnius

Grant Thornton Baltic UAB
Audit company's certification No. 001445

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the period that ended on 31 December 2018

CONTENTS:

| CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET | . 5 |
|--------------------------------------|-----|
| PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT | . 4 |
| EXPLANATORY NOTE of 31 December 2018 | . [|

Business identifier code: 303225546 Address: Verkių g. 25C-1, LT-08223 Vilnius.

Financial Statements for the period that ended on 31 December 2018

(all the sums are indicated in Euro, unless provided for otherwise)

| Approved at the (| General Meeting | of Shareholders |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| by Protocol no. | from | 2019 |

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET

| | ASSETS | Note no. | Reporting period | Previous reporting period |
|-----------------|---|----------|--|---------------------------|
| A. | FIXED ASSETS | | 2,224,757 | 1,270,834 |
| 1. | Intangible assets | 1 | 315,002 | 323,091 |
| 2. | Tangible assets | 2 | 12,157 | 17,303 |
| 3. | Financial assets | 3 | 1,521,169 | 628,049 |
| 4. | Other fixed assets | 15 | 376,429 | 302,391 |
| B. | CURRENT ASSETS | | 2,811,168 | 1,032,251 |
| 1. | Reserves | | 26,193 | 3,424 |
| 2. | Accounts receivable within one year | 4 | 142,915 | 238,369 |
| 3. | Short-term investments | | THE COMMON STATE OF THE CO | FELV. 12.1 |
| 4. | Cash and cash equivalents | 5 | 2,642,060 | 790,458 |
| c. | EXPENSES OF FUTURE PERIODS AND ACCRUED INCOME | | 3,743 | 65 |
| | ASSETS TOTAL: | | 5,039,668 | 2,303,150 |
| | EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | Note no. | Reporting period | Previous reporting period |
| D. | EQUITY | 3/2/6/ | 934,802 | 757,690 |
| 1. | Capital | 6 | 1,475,461 | 1,921,503 |
| 2. | Share premium | | NAME OF THE PERSON OF THE PERS | 628,500 |
| 3. | Revaluation reserve | | P3/271-91 | 1181 |
| 4. | Reserves | | | |
| 5. | Retained earnings/loss | 7 | (540,659) | (1,792,313) |
| E. | GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES | | The state of the s | |
| | PROVISIONS | 8 | 159,115 | 102,798 |
| F. | | | 3,942,082 | 1,441,624 |
| | ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND OTHER LIABILITIES | | | |
| G. | ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND OTHER LIABILITIES Accounts payable after one year and other long-term liabilities | 9 | 1,602,619 | 622,500 |
| F. G. 1. | Accounts payable after one year and other | 9 9, 10 | 1,602,619 2,339,463 | 622,500 819,124 |
| G. 1. | Accounts payable after one year and other long-term liabilities Accounts payable within one year and other | | | and the same of the |

Head of Administration

Accounting Officer
Director of UAB "Finance United"

Date of Financial Statements 27 February 2018 Aiva Remeikienė

Sigitas Ertmanas

Business identifier code: 303225546 Address: Verkių g. 25C-1, LT-08223 Vilnius.

Financial Statements for the period that ended on 31 December 2018

(all the sums are indicated in Euro, unless provided for otherwise)

| Approved at the G | Seneral Meeting | of Shareholders |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| by Protocol no. | from | 2019 |

PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT

| No. | Items | Note no. | Reporting period | Previous reporting period |
|-------|---|----------|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. | SALES REVENUE | 11 | 1,015,730 | 479,424 |
| 2. | COST OF SALES | 12 | (716,863) | (720,733) |
| 3. | BIOLOGICAL ASSETS FAIR VALUE CHANGE | | | |
| 4. | GROSS PROFIT/LOSS | | 298,867 | (241,309) |
| 5. | Sales expenses | | Total | |
| 6. | General and adminitrative expenses | 12 | (826,165) | (690,212) |
| 7. | Other operative expenses | | CONTRACTOR INCIDENCE | (96) |
| | Income from investments in shares of the | | | |
| 8. | parent company, subsidiearies and affiliated | | | |
| 11.63 | undertakings | | | |
| 9. | Income from other long-term investment and loans | | | |
| 10. | Other income from interest and other income | 13 | 423 | |
| 11. | Impairment of financial assets and short-term investments | | | YDUCH |
| 12. | Interest and similar expenses | 13 | (50) | (145) |
| 13. | PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAX | | (526,925) | (931,762) |
| 14. | Income tax | 14 | 74,038 | 136,120 |
| 15. | NET PROFIT/LOSS | | (452,887) | (795,642) |

Head of Administration

Accounting Officer
Director of UAB "Finance United"

Date of Financial Statements 27 February 2018 Aiva Remeikienė

Sigitas Ertmanas

Business identifier code: 303225546 Address: Verkių g. 25C-1, LT-08223 Vilnius. Financial Statements for the period that ended on 31 December 2018

(all the sums are indicated in Euro, unless provided for otherwise)

| Approved at the Ger | neral Meeting o | f Shareholder: |
|---------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| by Protocol no | from | 2019 |

EXPLANATORY NOTE of 31 December 2018

I. GENERAL INFORMATION

NEO Finance, AB (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") was registered at the State Enterprise Centre of Registers on 21 January 2014. Company address: Verkių g. 25C-1, Vilnius, business identifier code: 303225546.

The authorized capital of the Company is 1,475,461 EUR, which is made up of 3,353,320 EUR of ordinary registered shares with a nominal value of 0.44 EUR. Shareholders of the Company: 77.77% – UAB "ERA CAPITAL", 9.68% – Russian citizen GRIGORY GUREVICH, 2.97% ASIAN PACIFIC GREEN ENERGY PTE. LTD, 4.22% – UAB "Value Capital", 0.71% – UAB "Elijos miestas", 0.71% – UAB "Arikesa", 3.95% – natural persons of the Republic of Lithuania.

The main activities of the Company: provision of financial services. (Company is licenced as an electronic money institution starting from January 5th,2017. The license is provided by Bank of Lithuania).

The Company has no subsidiaries, associated companies or joint ventures.

The Company has no branches and/or representative offices.

In 2018, there were 18 employees at the Company, and in 2017 – 17.

II. ACCOUNTING POLICY

(a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the legal acts regulating financial accounting and preparation of financial statements in the Republic of Lithuania, as well as the provisions of the Business Accounting Standards.

In accounting and when preparing financial statements, the Company follows the general accounting principles: of the Company, business continuity, periodicity, stability, monetary measure, accrual, comparison, prudence, neutrality and content importance.

The financial statements have been prepared based on the assumption that the Company has no intention or need to liquidate itself or to significantly reduce its operating scope.

(b) Intangible assets

Intangible non-current assets: identifiable non-material non-cash assets, which are expected to bring direct and/or indirect economic benefit to the Company during more than one year of use, and whose acquisition (production) cost is not less than EUR 100.

In accounting, intangible assets are recorded at the acquisition (production) cost. The acquisition cost of intangible assets is made up of the sum of money paid or to be paid for purchase of the assets, including customs duties and other non-recoverable taxes. The acquisition cost of assets also includes other direct costs of preparing the assets for the intended use. Costs of renewal and improvement of intangible assets incurred after the acquisition or creation

Business identifier code: 303225546 Address: Verkių g. 25C-1, LT-08223 Vilnius.

Financial Statements for the period that ended on 31 December 2018

(all the sums are indicated in Euro, unless provided for otherwise)

of the assets are recognized as expenses during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

In the balance sheet, intangible assets are shown at their residual value, i.e. the acquisition/production cost minus the accrued depreciation and impairment.

Amortisation of intangible assets is calculated on a direct proportion (linear) basis over the entire useful life of the assets:

Software 3 years
Other intangible assets 4 years

(c) Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets of the Company are assets that provide direct and/or indirect economic benefit when used for more than one year and whose acquisition/production cost is not less than EUR 100, while the risks related to tangible assets are transferred to the Company.

In accounting, tangible fixed assets are recorded at the acquisition/production cost, which includes the sum of money paid or to be paid for purchase of the assets, the cost of delivery, paid non-recoverable taxes, costs for design, installation and other costs associated with the acquisition and preparation of these assets. The acquisition cost of tangible fixed assets does not include the non-refundable value added tax. It is recognized as operating expenses for the period, during which the assets were acquired.

The costs of reconstruction and repair of tangible fixed assets is recognized as expenses during the reporting period, when they were incurred.

Tangible fixed assets provided in the financial statements are estimated at the actual acquisition/production cost of the assets, minus the accrued depreciation and impairment.

The Company uses a directly proportional (linear) method of calculating the depreciation of tangible fixed assets. For different groups of tangible fixed assets, different depreciation norms are approved:

| Groups of assets | Average useful life (in years) | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Machinery and equipment | 4 - 6 | |
| Vehicles | 6 - 10 | |
| Other equipment, tools and devices | 3 - 6 | |
| Other tangible assets | 4 | |

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets is calculated from the first day of the month following the month in which the assets were first used. Asset depreciation is not calculated from the first day of the month following its write-down, disposal or another type of transfer. The depreciated value of the assets is calculated by deducting from the acquisition/production cost of the assets the liquidation value, which equals EUR 1 for all items of tangible fixed assets.

Financial lease is a lease when, under the terms of the lease, all risks and benefits related to the ownership of the assets are basically transferred to the Company. The accounting of leased assets does not differ from the accounting of own assets. Interest and other borrowing-related costs are recognized as financial expenses during the period, in which they were incurred.

Profit and loss arising from the disposal of the tangible fixed assets are calculated by comparing the income received with the book value of the assets. The result of the transaction is recognized in item of revenue and expenditure of another activity in the profit and loss statement.

Business identifier code: 303225546 Address: Verkių g. 25C-1, LT-08223 Vilnius.

Financial Statements for the period that ended on 31 December 2018

(all the sums are indicated in Euro, unless provided for otherwise)

The depreciated assets not used at the Company are written off. In the balance sheet, the tangible fixed assets that are no longer used for the company's operations and that are held for sale, are included in the reserve item.

At the end of each reporting year, the Company performs an inventory of its tangible fixed assets. The residual value of each individual asset is revised in order to determine its depreciation. If depreciation is observed, the recoverable amount of that asset is calculated. The recoverable amount is calculated as the higher of the two values: the net realizable value or the value in use of the asset. Loss due to asset impairment is accounted for, when the book value of the asset unit exceeds the recoverable amount. Impairment losses are accounted for in the profit and loss statement.

(d) Financial assets

Financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, receivables, loans granted and investments available for sale.

Financial assets are accounted for, when the Company receives or has the right to receive cash or other financial assets under an existing contract. Receivables are measured at acquisition cost minus the impairment losses. Cash and cash equivalents are measured at acquisition cost. Loans granted are initially accounted for at acquisition cost, and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Investments available for sale are investments that the Company has acquired with a purpose of selling or in order to receive profit from short-term fluctuations in investment prices. Investments available for sale are measured at acquisition cost at the time of acquisition, and subsequently at fair value when preparing the financial statements.

If it is probable that the Company will not be able to recover its receivables, an impairment loss is recognised, which is calculated as the difference between the asset value and the current value of future cash flows discounted at the effective interest rate.

(e) Receivables

Receivables are recognised as such at the acquisition cost. Subsequently, short-term receivables are accounted for having assessed their impairment. A debt, whose due date has expired more than four months before the recovery procedure takes place, is considered doubtful. Impairment losses of doubtful debts accrued during the reporting period are recognised as operating costs. When redeeming previously recognised doubtful debts, the costs incurred during the reporting period are reduced.

A transaction on transfer of receivables/debts (factoring without a right of recourse) is considered as a sale of debts, and debts are written off immediately. If the debt transfer transaction does not involve the transfer risk, and the buyer may cancel the transaction, the transaction is registered as a loan secured by a collateral.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash consists of money in bank accounts. Cash equivalents are liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash. The term of such investments generally does not exceed three months, and the risk of changes in value is very insignificant.

(g) Expenses of future periods

Expenses of future periods arise, when, during the reporting period and prior reporting periods, the Company has paid for the services of a continuous nature to be provided during the future periods, for which the amounts paid will be recognised as expenses in the subsequent reporting periods, when incurred.

Business identifier code: 303225546 Address: Verkių g. 25C-1, LT-08223 Vilnius.

Financial Statements for the period that ended on 31 December 2018

(all the sums are indicated in Euro, unless provided for otherwise)

(h) Equity and reserves

The Company's equity consists of paid-up part of the share capital, share premium, legal reserve, revaluation reserve and retained earnings/loss.

Ordinary registered shares are accounted for at their nominal value. The sum received for shares sold, higher than the nominal value of these shares, is accounted for as share premium. The costs associated with issue of new shares reduce the share premium. Profit and loss statement shall not include profit or loss received from sale, issue or cancellation of own shares.

According to the Law on Companies of the Republic of Lithuania, the legal reserve must make up 1/10 of the value of the authorised capital. Until the established size of the legal reserve is reached, the Company's deductions shall be at least 1/20 of the net profit. The part of the legal reserve exceeding the established size may be redistributed by dividing the Company's profit. The legal reserve, used to cover the losses of the Company, must be redrafted.

The item of retained earnings/loss shall include the earnings earned during the reporting period and earlier periods, but not yet retained, or uncovered loss.

Profit distribution in the Company's accounting is recorded, when the owners take a decision to distribute the profit, i.e. on the day of the shareholders' meeting, regardless of when it was earned.

(i) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recorded in the accounting, when the Company assumes the obligation to pay in cash or to settle financial liabilities using other financial assets. Accounts payable for goods and services are measured at acquisition cost, i.e. at the value of the assets or services received. At the beginning, the loans are accounted for at the acquisition cost, and, subsequently, at amortised cost. Accrued interest is accounted for in the item of other payables.

Financial liabilities include accounts payable for goods and services received, loans and financial lease liabilities, as well as bonds.

Short-term liabilities are liabilities that must be settled within one year from the day when the balance sheet was drafted.

(-) Provision Accounting Policy

Provisions in the Company are formed for liabilities under reimbursable suretyship agreements. Reimbursable suretyship agreements are such agreements, whereby the guarantor is required to pay a specific loss incurred by the guarantee, resulting from the debtor's delayed and unpaid liabilities set out in the default conditions of the description of debt instruments. Such financial guarantees are provided to creditors.

On the day of granting the suretyship, the amount of expected loss due to the debtor's delayed and unpaid liabilities set out in the default conditions of the description of debt instruments is included in the accounting. The estimation of expected losses is based on the accrued historical information on similar transactions, the amount of losses incurred, and also taking into account the management's estimates.

(-) Doubtful Debt Recognition Policy

Doubtful debts are a part of the investment, whose consumer credit agreements with consumers have been terminated. Consumer credit agreements are terminated under the grounds set out in Article 19 of the Law on Consumer Credit of the Republic of Lithuania. The value of such investments is determined at the lowest of these values: the price paid at the time of the loan purchase; or 60% of the value of the investment. The difference between

Business identifier code: 303225546 Address: Verkių g. 25C-1, LT-08223 Vilnius.

Financial Statements for the period that ended on 31 December 2018

(all the sums are indicated in Euro, unless provided for otherwise)

the value of the investment and the price paid at the time of purchase, or 60% of the investment value, is recognised as an impairment loss.

(j) Sales revenue

Interest income and expenditure for all interest-bearing instruments are accounted for on the accrual basis.

Intermediary fee income and other types of income are accounted for at the time, when the transaction is performed, i.e. based on the cash basis.

Other operating income include profits from the disposal of used fixed assets, as well as other income that is not related to the typical activities of the Company, but that are received from third parties, with the exception of financial operating income and extraordinary profit.

Financial income is the positive result of change in the exchange rate, interest received, fines and penalties paid by buyers, dividends received, reversal of impairment of investment value.

(k) Expenses

In the accounting, expenses are recognised based on the accrual and comparison principles during the reporting period, when related income is earned, irrespective of the time the money is spent. Expenses that are not related to earnings during the reporting period, but are intended to generate earnings in future periods, are accounted for and recorded in the financial statements as assets.

Cost of sales refers to the expenses incurred by the Company during the reporting period for services rendered during the reporting period. This item only includes the part of the costs related to the services sold during the reporting period.

General and administrative expenses reflect the expenses incurred during the reporting period that are related to the typical activity of the Company and that enable generation of earnings during the reporting period, but independent of the volume of sales of production output, goods and services. These costs are recognized, recorded in the accounting and presented in the financial statements for the same reporting period when they are incurred.

Other operating expenses include loss of sales of used fixed assets, as well as other expenses that are not related to the typical activity of the Company, but are incurred when earning other income.

Financial operating expenses are the negative result of the change in the exchange rate, the fines and interest paid, interest and liability charges related to financial debts, as well as the impairment of investments.

(I) Income tax and deferred income tax

The calculation of the income tax is based on the requirements of the Law on Corporate Income Tax of the Republic of Lithuania. In 2017, the tax rate applied to the Company was 15%.

Deferred income tax is accounted for using the liability method and is derived from the temporary differences between the book value of the assets or liabilities in the balance sheet and the tax base of those assets or liabilities included in the Company's financial statements. Deferred income tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates (and laws) that were approved or actually valid on the day of balance sheet drafting, and are expected to be effective when the deferred tax assets are realised or when the deferred tax liability is covered.

Business identifier code: 303225546 Address: Verkių g. 25C-1, LT-08223 Vilnius. Financial Statements for the period that ended on 31 December 2018

(all the sums are indicated in Euro, unless provided for otherwise)

(m) Foreign currencies

All currency items in the balance sheet are presented in euro applying the exchange rate valid on the day of the balance sheet drafting. The assets purchased in foreign currencies accounted for at the acquisition cost, in the balance sheet, are measured in euro applying the exchange rate valid on the day of acquisition. Transactions in foreign currencies are measured in euros, at the exchange rate valid on the transaction day. The differences that arise when the amounts recorded in the currency items are paid at a different exchange rate are recognised as profit or loss of the reporting period.

(n) Accounting Estimates in Preparing Financial Statements

When preparing financial statements, the management shall make certain assumptions and estimates that affect the reported sums of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, as well as disclosure of uncertainties.

Future events may change the assumptions used in evaluations. The result of such changes in evaluations shall be accounted for in the financial statements as soon as it arises.

(o) Error Correction and Reclassification

The Company deems that an essential error is such error that accounts for more than 5% of the net profit of the reporting period.

If the information presented during the accounting year is otherwise classified, then the comparative year is also reclassified in order to render the figures comparable.

(p) Contingent Liabilities and Assets

Contingent liabilities are future liabilities that may arise from past events and which can be confirmed or denied by uncontrolled uncertain future events of the Company or existing liabilities arising from past events. They are not reflected on the balance sheet because the amount of such liabilities cannot be reliably determined and/or it is unlikely that these liabilities shall be met. Information about them is provided in the explanatory note.

Contingent Assets refer to assets that, due to uncontrolled events of the Company, may in the future be part of the Company and bring economic benefits to the Company. Information about the expected assets is provided in the explanatory note.

(q) Post Balance Sheet Events

Post Balance Sheet Events are those events that occur between the balance sheet drafting date and the date, when the financial statements are prepared, signed by the Head of the Company and submitted for approval.

Post balance sheet events that provide additional information about the Company's position on the day when the balance sheet is drafted (adjusting events) are reflected in the financial statements. Post balance sheet events that are not adjusting events are described in the notes, if significant.

Business identifier code: 303225546 Address: Verkių g. 25C-1, LT-08223 Vilnius.

Financial Statements for the period that ended on 31 December 2018

(all the sums are indicated in Euro, unless provided for otherwise)

III. NOTES

1. Intangible fixed assets

| Indexes | Software | In total |
|---------------------------|--|--------------------|
| Acquisition cost | | |
| 31 December 2016 | 301,506 | 301,506 |
| Acquired | 147,353 | 147,353 |
| Written-off | | |
| Reclassifications | | The same |
| 31 December 2017 | 448,859 | 448,859 |
| Acquired | 118,007 | 118,007 |
| Written-off | | |
| Reclassifications | | |
| 31 December 2018 | 566,866 | 566,866 |
| Amortisation accrued | and the same | u Najvieženau |
| 31 December 2016 | 38,357 | 38,357 |
| Estimated over the period | 87,411 | 87,411 |
| Written-off | | and the state of |
| Reclassifications | | |
| 31 December 2017 | 125,768 | 125,768 |
| Estimated over the period | 126,096 | 126,096 |
| Written-off | | |
| Reclassifications | | - |
| 31 December 2018 | 251,864 | 251,864 |
| Book value | in the state of th | Na million and the |
| 31 December 2016 | 263,149 | 263,149 |
| 31 December 2017 | 323,091 | 323,091 |
| 31 December 2018 | 315,002 | 315,002 |

No signs of impairment of intangible fixed assets has been determined.

Business identifier code: 303225546 Address: Verkių g. 25C-1, LT-08223 Vilnius.

Financial Statements for the period that ended on 31 December 2018

(all the sums are indicated in Euro, unless provided for otherwise)

2. Tangible fixed assets

| Indexes | Other equipment, devices and tools | In total |
|--------------------------------|--|----------|
| Acquisition cost | | |
| 31 December 2016 | 23,115 | 23,115 |
| Acquired | 5,505 | 5,505 |
| Written-off | | |
| Reclassifications | | 43.44 |
| 31 December 2017 | 28,620 | 28,620 |
| Acquired | 2,778 | 2,778 |
| Written-off | | STOR |
| Reclassifications | | en 26 |
| 31 December 2018 | 31,398 | 31,398 |
| Revaluation / depreciation | 100 | 2120 |
| 31 December 2016 | (3,922) | (3,922) |
| Revaluated (+) depreciated (-) | 10 Mg 25 Mg 27 KM | 4311 |
| Depreciated over the period | 7,395 | 7,395 |
| 31 December 2017 | (11,317) | (11,317) |
| Revaluated (+) depreciated (-) | The sale and services | |
| Depreciated over the period | 7,924 | 7,924 |
| 31 December 2018 | (19,241) | (19,241) |
| Depreciation accrued | 20 Ut. 10 Harris | 931.01 |
| 31 December 2016 | La Contractorio di Via Mai | - |
| Estimated over the period | The second secon | |
| Written-off (-) | | 1005004 |
| From item to another item | | - |
| 31 December 2017 | <u> </u> | - |
| Estimated over the period | 55 to 21 35, which he was | |
| Written-off (-) | | _ |
| Reclassifications | | 100 |
| 31 December 2018 | A STATE OF THE STA | 220 |
| Book value | THE STREET | |
| 31 December 2016 | 19,193 | 19,193 |
| 31 December 2017 | 17,303 | 17,303 |
| 31 December 2018 | 12,157 | 12,157 |

No signs of impairment of tangible fixed assets has been determined.

Business identifier code: 303225546 Address: Verkių g. 25C-1, LT-08223 Vilnius. Financial Statements for the period that ended on 31 December 2018

(all the sums are indicated in Euro, unless provided for otherwise)

3. Financial assets

| Later Not Fermi | 2018.12.31 | 2017.12.31 |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Investment activities debtors | 1,644,325 | 745,906 |
| Abejotinos skolos (-) | (123,156) | (117,857) |
| Depreciation (-) | 1,521,169 | 628,049 |

4. Accounts receivable within one year

| | 2018.12.31 | 2017.12.31 |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Buyers' debts | 9,342 | 1,009 |
| Investment activities debtors | 144,282 | 290,987 |
| Depreciation (-) | (10,709) | (53,627) |
| TOTAL: | 142,915 | 238,369 |

5. Cash

| | 2018.12.31 | 2017.12.31 |
|-----------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Money in commercial bank accounts | 931,860 | 562,001 |
| Money at the Bank of Lithuania | 1,625,467 | 228,457 |
| Money in transition | 84,733 | |
| TOTAL: | 2,642,060 | 790,458 |

6. Structure of the authorised capital

| Indexed | Number of shares | Amount |
|---|-------------------|------------|
| Structure of the share capital at the end of the financial year | galane diku | arains are |
| 1. 1. According to the types of shares | | |
| 1.1. Ordinary shares | 3,353,320 | 1,475,461 |
| 1.2. Preference shares | - Indentification | |
| 1.3. Employees' shares | TO FEED HOUSE | |
| 1.4. Special shares | 910 A STREET | |
| 1.5. Other shares | Authors Hower | |
| TOTAL: | 3,353,320 | 1,475,461 |
| 2. State or municipal capital | To the second | |
| 3. Own shares owned by the company | | |
| 4. Shares owned by subsidiaries | THE RESERVE OF | |

As of 31 December 2018, all shares have been paid.

Business identifier code: 303225546 Address: Verkių g. 25C-1, LT-08223 Vilnius.

Financial Statements for the period that ended on 31 December 2018

(all the sums are indicated in Euro, unless provided for otherwise)

7. Profit distribution project

| Items | Year | Sum |
|---|--------------------|--|
| Retained result – profit/loss | 12/31/2017 | (87,772) |
| Net result for the financial year - profit/loss | | (452,887) |
| Retained result – profit/loss | 12/31/2018 | (540,659) |
| Shareholders' contributions to cover losses | | |
| Transfers from reserves | | |
| Distributed profit | (-II mekanice enem | (540,659) |
| Profit distribution: | | |
| to legal reserves | | |
| to other reserves | | |
| dividends | | Children St. 18 |
| other | | The state of the s |
| Undistributed result - profit/loss | | (540,659) |

8. Provisions

The Company forms reimbursable suretyship provisions ("Guarantee Fund" service) intended to cover the liabilities under the reimbursable suretyship agreements. At the end of the financial year, provisions made up EUR 159,115. At the end of the last financial year, provisions made up EUR 102,798.

9. Financial debts

| FEW YORK TO SHIP THE SHIP SHIP SHIP SHIP SHIP SHIP SHIP SHIP | 2018.12.31 | 2017.12.31 |
|--|------------|------------|
| Long-term debts (from 2 to 5 years) | 1,602,619 | 622,500 |
| Loans received from affiliated undertakings | 502,619 | 622,500 |
| Bonds | 1,100,000 | |
| Short-term debts | 90,486 | 132,231 |
| Loans received from affiliated undertakings | 87,882 | 132,231 |
| Interest on loans received from affiliated undertakings | 2,604 | |
| TOTAL | 1,693,105 | 754,731 |

10. Accounts payable within one year

| | 2018.12.31 | 2017.12.31 |
|---|------------|------------|
| Advances received | 10 | 300 |
| Trade payables | 110,858 | 77,735 |
| Payroll liabilities | 17,605 | 13,847 |
| Vacation pay liabilities | 18,799 | 8,755 |
| Social security liabilities | 10,307 | 8,568 |
| Personal income tax liabilities | 1,051 | 73 |
| Income tax liabilities | | |
| Customer money held at NEO Finance accounts | 2,011,465 | 500,169 |
| Customer money held at NEO Finance accounts – cash in transit | | 75,261 |
| Owners' contributions to authorised capital | 71,429 | |
| Other tax liabilities | 3,654 | 1,183 |
| Other payables | 3,799 | 1,002 |
| TOTAL: | 2,248,977 | 686,893 |

Business identifier code: 303225546 Address: Verkių g. 25C-1, LT-08223 Vilnius.

Financial Statements for the period that ended on 31 December 2018

(all the sums are indicated in Euro, unless provided for otherwise)

11. Income

| 105.301 | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|-----------|---------|
| Sales revenue | 1,015,730 | 479,424 |
| Revenue related to the issuance and processing of electronic money | 38,793 | 8,816 |
| Investment income | 333,689 | 116,606 |
| Revenue related to peer-to-peer lending | 643,248 | 354,002 |

The majority of revenue related to peer-to-peer lending are distributed throughout the loan period, and these revenues are received only when the borrower actually makes the monthly installment. As of 31 December 2018, receivable intermediary fee generated by loans, issued till 31 December 2018 amounted to 2,689,600 EUR. As of 31 December 2017, receivable intermediary fee generated by loans, issued till 31 December 2017 amounted to 1,026,307 EUR.

12. Expenses

| The state of the s | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|---------|---------|
| Cost of Sales | 716,863 | 720,733 |
| Cost of services rendered | 716,863 | 720,733 |
| General and administrative expenses | 826,165 | 690,212 |
| Salaries and social security | 337,400 | 311,719 |
| Guarantee Fund accrual costs | 56,316 | 52,960 |
| Audit expenses | 10,171 | 3,993 |
| Depreciation | 134,021 | 94,807 |
| Other expenses | 288,257 | 226,733 |

13. Financial and investment activities

| | 2018 | 2017 |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Income | 423 | |
| Interest | 423 | amena Sanita d |
| Possitive effect of exchenge rates | Course of the Prince of | armin mai |
| Expenses | 50 | 145 |
| Interest | | - 3 |
| Negative effect of exchenge rates | 50 | 145 |
| TOTAL | 373 | (145 |

14. Income tax expenses

| (\$45,440) | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|----------------------|----------------|
| Profit before taxes | (526,925) | (931,762) |
| Income tax rate | 15% | 15% |
| Amount of increase in profit before tax | 130,008 | 231,912 |
| Amount of reduction in profit before tax | and and to said its | 1,349 |
| Declared income tax payable to the budget | | |
| Change in taxable temporary differences between tax and financial statements | 493,587 | 907,467 |
| Deferred income tax expenses/income | (74,038) | (136,120) |
| Adjusted amount of profit tax returns of the previous year | A HOS IN THIODERS ON | aga greeks, ir |
| Income tax expenses/income | (74,038) | (136,120) |
| Effective income tax rate | | |

Business identifier code: 303225546 Address: Verkių g. 25C-1, LT-08223 Vilnius.

Financial Statements for the period that ended on 31 December 2018

(all the sums are indicated in Euro, unless provided for otherwise)

15. Other fixed assets

| | 2018 | 2017 |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|
| Deferred income tax assets | 372 291 | 298 253 |
| Other fixed assets | 4 138 | 4 138 |
| Total | 376 429 | 302 391 |

16. Relations with executives and other related persons

In 2018, the Head of Administration was paid a salary of EUR 28,427 (in 2017: EUR 29,808). The Head of Administration has not received any other income, loan guarantees nor benefits.

17. Related parties

| | Accounts payable | | Accounts receivable | |
|---|------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------|
| Related parties | 2018.12.31 | 2017.12.31 | 2018.12.31 | 2017.12.31 |
| Shareholders with a significant number of votes | 71,429 | | | |
| Parent company | 190,500 | 133,547 | | |
| Subsidiaries | | | | |
| Other affiliated persons | 1,511,613 | 631,868 | 150 | 1,005 |
| Total | 1,773,542 | 765,415 | 150 | 1,005 |
| 100,000 | Income | received | Purc | hases |
| Related parties | 2018 2017 | | 2018 | 2017 |
| Shareholders with a significant number of votes | | Service of Vision | Fire of its | |
| Parent company | | | 23,924 | 12,321 |
| Subsidiaries | | | STREET WARRIES | |
| Other affiliated persons | 4,276 | 744 | 319,807 | 238,661 |
| Total | 4,276 | 744 | 343,731 | 250,982 |

18. Change in accounting policy

In 2018 the Company implemented changes in accounting policy. Expenses, related to administration of the P2P lending platform, such as marketing expenses, expenses related to publicity of Company's products and loan interest were reclassified to Cost of Sales. Therefore, certain items in Profit and Loss Statement are not comparable to previous financial years.

| No. | ltems | Amount before corrections | Amount after corrections | |
|-----|-------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| 2. | COST OF SALES | (333,341) | (720,733) | |
| 4. | GROSS PROFIT/LOSS | 146,083 | (241,309) | |
| 5. | Sales expenses | (355,757) | | |
| 12. | Interest and similar expenses | (31,780) | (145) | |

19. Rights and liabilities of the Company that are not specified in the balance sheet

Liabilities of the Company under the reimbursable suretyship agreement, as of 31 December 2018, amounted to EUR 2,143,776. The Company signs reimbursable suretyship agreements with the lenders who choose the "Guarantee Fund" service. On the basis of these agreements, the Company guarantees the lenders for proper performance of the obligations arising from consumer credit agreements.

The Company does not participate in legal proceedings, whose outcome could have a significant effect on the Company's financial position and/or financial results

Business identifier code: 303225546 Address: Verkių g. 25C-1, LT-08223 Vilnius.

Financial Statements for the period that ended on 31 December 2018

(all the sums are indicated in Euro, unless provided for otherwise)

20. Contingent Liabilities

At the end of the reporting year, the Company had no contingent liabilities.

21. Post Balance Sheet Events

There were no post Balance Sheet events.

22. Off-balance sheet liabilities

By 31 December 2018, the Company, having acted as an operator of a Peer-to-Peer Lending Platform, and a consumer credit provider, has disbursed consumer credit funds for a total amount of EUR 25,787,984 (EUR 3,268,538 were in judicial recovery process). As of 31 December 2018, the remaining outstanding part of credit amounted to EUR 17,388,269.

Head of Administration

Accounting Officer
Director of UAB "Finance United"

Date of Financial Statements 27 February 2018 Aiva Remeikienė

Sigitas Ertmanas